# UNITED STATES

# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

# FORM 10-Q

<b>☒</b> Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d	) of The Securities Excha	ange Act of 1934									
For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2019	or										
☐ Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d	) of The Securities Excha	ange Act of 1934									
For the transition period from to											
(	Commission File Number	r 1-7234									
GP STRATEGIES CORPORATION (Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)											
Delaware		52-0845774									
(State of Incorporation)		(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)									
70 Corporate Center											
11000 Broken Land Parkway, Suite 200, Colur	nbia, MD	21044									
(Address of principal executive offices)		(Zip Code)									
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has fi		be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange A									
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has subrile required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Ru	■ No □ mitted electronically and p alle 405 of Regulation S-T	posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive De (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months									
for such shorter period that the registrant was required Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large or an emerging growth company in Rule 12b-2 of the E	accelerated filer, an accele	erated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting compa									
Large accelerated filer   Accelerated	filer	Non-accelerated filer □									
Smaller reporting company ☐ Emerging g	rowth company	<u> </u>									
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check marl any new or revised financial accounting standards prov		ted not to use the extended transition period for complying w 13(a) of the Exchange Act. □									
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell	company (as defined in R	Rule 12(b)-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No 🗷									
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the A	ct:										
Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered									
Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share	GPX	NYSE (New York Stock Exchange)									
The number of shares outstanding of the registrant's co	mmon stock as of October	er 31, 2019 was as follows:									
Class		Outstanding									
Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share		16,974,916									

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# Part I. Financial Information

# **Item 1. Financial Statements**

# GP STRATEGIES CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (In thousands, except per share amounts)

	-	otember 30, 2019 (naudited)	De	ecember 31, 2018
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash	\$	7,739	\$	13,417
Accounts and other receivables, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$2,652 in 2019 and \$2,034 in 2018		115,951		107,673
Unbilled revenue		59,957		80,764
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		25,930		19,048
Total current assets		209,577		220,902
Property, plant and equipment		22,642		24,580
Accumulated depreciation		(16,758)		(18,721)
Property, plant and equipment, net		5,884		5,859
Operating lease right-of-use assets		27,136		_
Goodwill		176,213		176,124
Intangible assets, net		17,340		20,933
Other assets		13,423		10,920
	\$	449,573	\$	434,738
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	77,720	\$	93,254
Deferred revenue		21,594		23,704
Current portion of operating lease liabilities		8,429		_
Total current liabilities		107,743		116,958
Long-term debt		113,150		116,500
Long-term portion of operating lease liabilities		22,196		_
Other noncurrent liabilities		11,441		14,711
Total liabilities		254,530		248,169
Stockholders' equity:				
Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share		172		172
Additional paid-in capital		102,991		105,850
Retained earnings		121,733		116,039
Treasury stock at cost		(6,045)		(13,802)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(23,808)		(21,690)
Total stockholders' equity		195,043		186,569
	\$	449,573	\$	434,738

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)
(In thousands, except per share data)

	Three Mon Septem		Nine Months Ended September 30,				
	2019	2018		2019		2018	
Revenue	\$ 139,005	\$ 123,566	\$	427,891	\$	382,289	
Cost of revenue	117,338	104,367		361,987		322,838	
Gross profit	21,667	19,199		65,904		59,451	
General and administrative expenses	15,240	12,227		46,769		40,207	
Sales and marketing expenses	1,830	1,297		5,725		3,128	
Restructuring charges	104	_		1,405		2,930	
Gain on change in fair value of contingent consideration, net	_	526		677		3,972	
Operating income	4,493	6,201		12,682		17,158	
Interest expense	1,575	1,095		4,852		1,631	
Other income (expense)	184	(760)		272		(1,912)	
Income before income tax expense	3,102	 4,346		8,102		13,615	
Income tax expense	961	1,102		2,408		4,164	
Net income	\$ 2,141	\$ 3,244	\$	5,694	\$	9,451	
Basic weighted average shares outstanding	16,901	16,536		16,773		16,555	
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	16,939	16,628		16,807		16,647	
Per common share data:							
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.20	\$	0.34	\$	0.57	
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.20	\$	0.34	\$	0.57	

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)
(Unaudited)
(In thousands)

	Three Mon Septem				Nine Mon Septem	
	2019		2018	2019		2018
Net income	\$ 2,141	\$	3,244	\$	5,694	\$ 9,451
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(3,451)		(457)		(2,118)	(3,662)
Change in fair value of interest rate cap, net of tax	_		47		_	252
Change in fair value of interest rate swap, net of tax	_		(12)	\$	_	\$ 47
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ (1,310)	\$	2,822	\$	3,576	\$ 6,088

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity
Three Months Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018
(Unaudited)
(In thousands)

	Common stock	Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	Treasury stock at cost	Accumulated other comprehensive loss	Total stockholders' equity
Balance at June 30, 2019	172	104,187	119,592	(9,830)	(20,357)	193,764
Net income	_	_	2,141	_	_	2,141
Foreign currency translation adjustment	_	_	_	_	(3,451)	(3,451)
Stock-based compensation expense	_	783	_	_	_	783
Issuance of stock for employer contributions to retirement plan	_	(585)	_	1,322	_	737
Net issuances of stock pursuant to stock compensation plans and other	_	(1,394)	_	2,463	_	1,069
Balance at September 30, 2019	\$ 172	\$ 102,991	\$ 121,733	\$ (6,045)	\$ (23,808)	\$ 195,043

	Common stock		Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	reasury stock at cost	Accumulated other comprehensive loss	Total stockholders' equity		
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$ 1	72	\$ 107,372	\$ 112,410	\$ (16,074)	\$ (17,796)	\$ 186,084		
Net income		_	_	3,244	_	_	3,244		
Foreign currency translation adjustment		_	_	_	_	(457)	(457)		
Change in fair value of interest rate cap, net of tax		_	_	_	_	47	47		
Change in fair value of interest rate swap, net of tax		_	_	_	_	(12)	(12)		
Repurchases of common stock		_	_	_	(662)	_	(662)		
Stock-based compensation expense		_	247	_	_	_	247		
Issuance of stock for employer contributions to retirement plan		_	(210)	_	930	_	720		
Net issuances of stock pursuant to stock compensation plans and other		_	(109)	_	96	_	(13)		
Balance at September 30, 2018	\$ 1	72	\$ 107,300	\$ 115,654	\$ (15,710)	\$ (18,218)	\$ 189,198		

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity Nine Months Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited) (In thousands)

	Common stock		Additional paid-in capital		Retained earnings	Treasury stock at cost		Accumulated other comprehensive loss		sto	Total ockholders' equity
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$ 172	\$	105,850	\$	116,039	\$	(13,802)	\$	(21,690)	\$	186,569
Net income	_		_		5,694		_		_		5,694
Foreign currency translation adjustment	_		_		_		_		(2,118)		(2,118)
Stock-based compensation expense	_		1,739		_		_		_		1,739
Issuance of stock for employer contributions to retirement plan	_		(1,546)		_		3,746		_		2,200
Net issuances of stock pursuant to stock compensation plans and other			(3,052)		_		4,011		_		959
Balance at September 30, 2019	\$ 172	\$	102,991	\$	121,733	\$	(6,045)	\$	(23,808)	\$	195,043

	Common stock	Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	Treasury stock at cost	Accumulated other comprehensive loss	Total stockholders' equity
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$ 172	\$ 107,256	\$ 106,599	\$ (11,118)	\$ (14,855)	\$ 188,054
Cumulative effect adjustment of adopting ASU 2014-09	_	_	(396)	_	_	(396)
Adjusted balance at December 31, 2017	172	107,256	106,203	(11,118)	(14,855)	187,658
Net income	_	_	9,451	_	_	9,451
Foreign currency translation adjustment	_	_	_	_	(3,662)	(3,662)
Change in fair value of interest rate cap, net of tax	_	_	_	_	252	252
Change in fair value of interest rate swap, net of tax	_	_	_	_	47	47
Repurchases of common stock	_	_	_	(7,956)	_	(7,956)
Stock-based compensation expense	_	1,344	_	_	_	1,344
Issuance of stock for employer contributions to retirement plan	_	(298)	_	2,455	_	2,157
Net issuances of stock pursuant to stock compensation plans and other		(1,002)		909		(93)
Balance at September 30, 2018	\$ 172	\$ 107,300	\$ 115,654	\$ (15,710)	\$ (18,218)	\$ 189,198

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Nine Months Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited, in thousands)

	2019	2018
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 5,694	\$ 9,451
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Gain on change in fair value of contingent consideration, net	(677)	(3,972)
Depreciation and amortization	6,992	5,670
Deferred income taxes	(258)	(610)
Non-cash compensation expense	3,939	3,501
Changes in other operating items:		
Accounts and other receivables	(10,997)	(4,644)
Unbilled revenue	19,296	6,344
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(6,628)	(5,131)
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and net change in operating leases	(12,188)	(5,527)
Deferred revenue	(1,840)	(2,215)
Other	1,218	643
Net cash provided by operating activities	4,551	3,510
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(1,905)	(2,267)
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	850	(42,872)
Capitalized software development costs and other	(2,261)	(3,229)
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,316)	(48,368)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	_	31,410
Proceeds from long-term debt	120,350	18,000
Repayment of long-term debt	(123,700)	(9,000)
Change in negative cash book balance	(1,329)	723
Repurchases of common stock in the open market		(8,485)
Other financing activities	(421)	(127)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(5,100)	32,521
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(1,813)	(952)
Net decrease in cash	 (5,678)	(13,289)
Cash at beginning of period	13,417	23,612
Cash at end of period	\$ 	\$ 10,323
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the period for interest	\$ 4,681	\$ 1,388
Cash paid during the period for income taxes	2,148	3,371

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

#### (1) Basis of Presentation

GP Strategies Corporation is a global performance improvement solutions provider of training, digital learning solutions, management consulting and engineering services. References in this report to "GP Strategies," the "Company," "we" and "our" are to GP Strategies Corporation and its subsidiaries, collectively.

The accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2019, the condensed consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income (loss) and stockholders' equity for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, and the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 have not been audited, but have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018, as presented in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. In the opinion of management, this interim information includes all material adjustments, which are of a normal and recurring nature, necessary for a fair presentation. The results for the 2019 interim period are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the entire year.

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the operations of the Company and its subsidiaries. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current year presentation. Beginning in the second quarter of 2018, sales and marketing expenses have been presented separately from general administrative expenses on the condensed consolidated statements of operations, whereas in prior periods these amounts were included in one caption titled "selling, general and administrative expenses." Amounts for the first quarter of 2018 have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

# (2) Recent Accounting Standards

#### Recently Adopted Accounting Standards

On January 1, 2019, we adopted Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842), which requires the recognition of lease rights and obligations as assets and liabilities on the balance sheet. Previously, lessees were not required to recognize on the balance sheet assets and liabilities arising from operating leases. We adopted Topic 842 using the modified retrospective method of adoption applying the transition provisions at the beginning of the period of adoption, rather than at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented in these financial statements. As a result, prior period information has not been restated.

The new standard provides several optional practical expedients for use in transition. We elected to use what the FASB has deemed the "package of practical expedients," which allows us not to reassess our previous conclusions about lease identification, lease classification and the accounting treatment for initial direct costs. The ASU also provides several optional practical expedients for the ongoing accounting for leases. We have elected the short-term lease recognition exemption for all leases that qualify, meaning that for leases with terms of twelve months or less, we will not recognize right-of-use (ROU) assets or lease liabilities on our consolidated balance sheet. Additionally, we have elected to use the practical expedient to not separate lease and non-lease components for leases of real estate, meaning that for these leases, the non-lease components are included in the associated ROU asset and lease liability balances on our consolidated balance sheet.

The most significant impacts of adopting Topic 842 on our consolidated financial statements were (1) the recognition of new ROU assets and lease liabilities for our operating leases of \$31.1 million and \$34.9 million, respectively on January 1, 2019, which included reclassifying accrued rent as a component of the ROU asset, and (2) significant new disclosures about our leasing activities, which are provided in Note 13. Topic 842 did not have a material impact on our results of operations or cash flows.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-04, Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment. The standard will remove step 2 from the goodwill impairment test. Under the ASU, an entity should perform its annual goodwill impairment test by comparing the fair value of a reporting unit with its carrying amount and recognize an impairment charge for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the reporting unit's fair value, however, the loss recognized should not exceed the total amount of goodwill allocated to that reporting unit. ASU 2017-04 is effective for public companies for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted for goodwill impairment tests performed on testing dates after January 1, 2017. We adopted the standard on January 1, 2019. The adoption of the ASU did not have an effect on our results of operations, financial condition or cash flows.

#### Accounting Standards Not Yet Adopted

For a discussion of other accounting standards that have been issued by the FASB but are not yet effective, refer to the Recent Accounting Standards section in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018. These standards are not expected to have a material impact on our results of operations, financial condition or cash flows.

#### (3) Revenue

#### Significant Accounting Policy

We account for revenue in accordance with ASC Topic 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* (ASC Topic 606), which we adopted on January 1, 2018, using the modified retrospective method. Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer. Most of our contracts with customers contain transaction prices with fixed consideration, however, some contracts may contain variable consideration in the form of discounts, rebates, refunds, credits, price concessions, incentives, performance bonuses, penalties and other similar items. When a contract includes variable consideration, we evaluate the estimate of variable consideration to determine whether the estimate needs to be constrained; therefore, we include the variable consideration in the transaction price only to the extent that it is probable that a significant reversal of the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved. We recognize revenue when we satisfy a performance obligation by transferring control over a product or service to a customer. This can result in recognition of revenue over time as we perform services or at a point in time when the deliverable is transferred to the customer, depending on an evaluation of the criteria for over time recognition in ASC Topic 606. Further details regarding our revenue recognition for various revenue streams are discussed below.

#### Nature of goods and services

Over 90% of our revenue is derived from services provided to our customers for training, consulting, technical, engineering and other services. Less than 10% of our revenue is derived from various other offerings including custom magazine publications and assembly of glovebox portfolios for automotive manufacturers, licenses of software and other intellectual property, and software as a service (SaaS) arrangements.

Our primary contract vehicles are time-and-materials, fixed price (including fixed-fee per transaction) and cost-reimbursable contracts. Each contract has different terms based on the scope, deliverables and complexity of the engagement, requiring us to make judgments and estimates about recognizing revenue.

Under time-and-materials and cost-reimbursable contracts, the contractual billing schedules are based on the specified level of resources we are obligated to provide. Revenue under these contract types are recognized over time as services are performed as the client simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by our performance throughout the engagement. The time and materials incurred for the period is the measure of performance and, therefore, revenue is recognized in that amount.

For fixed price contracts which typically involve a discrete project, such as development of training content and materials, design of training processes, software implementation, or engineering projects, the contractual billing schedules are not necessarily based on the specified level of resources we are obligated to provide. These discrete projects generally do not contain milestones or other measures of performance. The majority of our fixed price contracts meet the criteria in ASC Topic 606 for over time revenue recognition. For these contracts, revenue is recognized using a percentage-of-completion method

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

based on the relationship of costs incurred to total estimated costs expected to be incurred over the term of the contract. We believe this methodology is a reasonable measure of proportional performance since performance primarily involves personnel costs and services provided to the customer throughout the course of the projects through regular communications of progress toward completion and other project deliverables. In addition, the customer is required to pay us for the proportionate amount of our fees in the event of contract termination. A small portion of our fixed price contracts do not meet the criteria in ASC Topic 606 for over time revenue recognition. For these projects, we defer revenue recognition until the performance obligation is satisfied, which is generally when the final deliverable is provided to the client. The direct costs related to these projects are capitalized and then recognized as cost of revenue when the performance obligation is satisfied.

For fixed price contracts, when total direct cost estimates exceed revenues, the estimated losses are recognized immediately. The use of the percentage-of-completion method requires significant judgment relative to estimating total contract costs, including assumptions relative to the length of time to complete the project, the nature and complexity of the work to be performed, and anticipated changes in estimated salaries and other costs. Estimates of total contract costs are continuously monitored during the term of the contract, and recorded revenues and costs are subject to revision as the contract progresses. When revisions in estimated contract revenues and costs are determined, such adjustments are recorded in the period in which they are first identified. Adjustments to our fixed price contracts in the aggregate resulted in a net increases to revenue of \$0.4 million and \$0.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, and net increases to revenue of \$1.3 million for both of the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

For certain fixed-fee per transaction contracts, such as delivering training courses or conducting workshops, revenue is recognized during the period in which services are delivered in accordance with the pricing outlined in the contracts.

For certain fixed-fee per transaction and fixed price contracts in which the output of the arrangement is measurable, such as for the shipping of publications and print materials, revenue is recognized at the point in time at which control is transferred which is upon delivery.

Taxes assessed by a government authority that are both imposed on and concurrent with a specific revenue-producing transaction, that we collect from a customer, are excluded from revenue.

#### **Performance Obligations**

A performance obligation is a promise in a contract to transfer a distinct good or service to the customer, and is the unit of account in ASC Topic 606. A contract's transaction price is allocated to each distinct performance obligation and recognized as revenue when, or as, the performance obligation is satisfied. For contracts with multiple performance obligations, we allocate the contract's transaction price to each performance obligation using our best estimate of the standalone selling price of each distinct good or service in the contract. As of September 30, 2019, we had \$338.1 million of remaining performance obligations, which we also refer to as total backlog. We expect to recognize approximately 90 percent of our remaining performance obligations as revenue within the next twelve months. We did not apply any of the practical expedients permitted by ASC Topic 606 in determining the amount of our performance obligations as of September 30, 2019.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

# Revenue by Category

The following series of tables presents our revenue disaggregated by various categories (dollars in thousands).

Three Months Ended September 3	Three	Months	Ended	September	• 30
--------------------------------	-------	--------	-------	-----------	------

				1 1111	ee iv	ionths En	ueu	Septembe	1 30	J,			
		Work Excel			Business Transformation Services					Consolidated			
		2019		2018		2019		2018		2019		2018	
Revenue by type of service:													
Managed learning services	\$	55,901	\$	51,387	\$	_	\$	_	\$	55,901	\$	51,387	
Engineering & technical services		26,589		29,129		_		_		26,589		29,129	
Sales enablement		_		_		33,826		19,944		33,826		19,944	
Organizational development						22,689		23,106		22,689		23,106	
	\$	82,490	\$	80,516	\$	56,515	\$	43,050	\$	139,005	\$	123,566	
Revenue by geographic region:													
Americas	\$	58,469	\$	56,064	\$	43,625	\$	35,380	\$	102,094	\$	91,444	
Europe Middle East Africa	Ψ	21,721	Ψ	21,153	Ψ	12,560	Ψ	8,906	Ψ	34,281	Ψ	30,059	
Asia Pacific		9,558		8,205		4,753		109		14,311		8,314	
Eliminations		(7,258)		(4,906)		(4,423)		(1,345)		(11,681)		(6,251)	
2mmutons	\$	82,490	\$	80,516	\$	56,515	\$	43,050	\$	139,005	\$	123,566	
	Ť		Ť		Ť		Ť		Ť		Ť	,	
Revenue by client market sector:													
Automotive	\$	2,354	\$	2,738	\$	32,143	\$	20,531	\$	34,497	\$	23,269	
Financial & Insurance		24,450		22,364		2,890		2,692		27,340		25,056	
Manufacturing		9,001		7,558		4,945		3,734		13,946		11,292	
Energy / Oil & Gas		7,910		9,113		1,488		1,188		9,398		10,301	
U.S. Government		9,282		7,673		2,002		2,102		11,284		9,775	
U.K. Government		4,654		4,456		_		_		4,654		4,456	
Information & Communication		2,909		3,315		1,961		2,330		4,870		5,645	
Aerospace		8,644		6,705		1,317		1,160		9,961		7,865	
Electronics Semiconductor		3,229		3,719		389		241		3,618		3,960	
Life Sciences		5,091		4,892		1,321		1,932		6,412		6,824	
Other		4,966		7,983		8,059		7,140		13,025		15,123	
	\$	82,490	\$	80,516	\$	56,515	\$	43,050	\$	139,005	\$	123,566	

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

Nine Months Ended Septe	ember	30,
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	Work Excel		Transfo	iness rmation vices	Consolidated			
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018		
<b>Revenue by type of service:</b>								
Managed learning services	\$ 159,972	\$ 156,244	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 159,972	\$ 156,244		
Engineering & technical services	83,027	82,800	_	_	83,027	82,800		
Sales enablement	_	_	115,754	71,593	115,754	71,593		
Organizational development			69,138	71,652	69,138	71,652		
	\$ 242,999	\$ 239,044	\$ 184,892	\$ 143,245	\$ 427,891	\$ 382,289		
Revenue by geographic region:								
Americas	\$ 170,953	\$ 158,935	\$ 142,581	\$ 120,814	\$ 313,534	\$ 279,749		
Europe Middle East Africa	66,418	70,253	36,680	27,408	103,098	97,661		
Asia Pacific	24,393	23,400	16,583	298	40,976	23,698		
Eliminations	(18,765)	(13,544)	(10,952)	(5,275)	(29,717)	(18,819)		
	\$ 242,999	\$ 239,044	\$ 184,892	\$ 143,245	\$ 427,891	\$ 382,289		
<b>Revenue by client market sector:</b>								
Automotive	\$ 6,176	\$ 8,614	\$ 111,855	\$ 73,134	\$ 118,031	\$ 81,748		
Financial & Insurance	62,847	67,522	7,784	9,010	70,631	76,532		
Manufacturing	25,395	25,621	17,029	11,606	42,424	37,227		
Energy / Oil & Gas	27,972	27,769	4,290	3,318	32,262	31,087		
U.S. Government	28,768	20,704	5,891	6,742	34,659	27,446		
U.K. Government	13,066	14,889			13,066	14,889		
Information & Communication	10,372	11,027	6,338	6,953	16,710	17,980		
Aerospace	22,198	21,619	3,350	2,408	25,548	24,027		
Electronics Semiconductor	11,444	11,228	983	521	12,427	11,749		
Life Sciences	14,799	9,743	5,060	7,143	19,859	16,886		
Other	19,962	20,308	22,312	22,410	42,274	42,718		
	\$ 242,999	\$ 239,044	\$ 184,892	\$ 143,245	\$ 427,891	\$ 382,289		

#### Contract Balances

The timing of revenue recognition, billings and cash collections results in billed accounts receivable, unbilled revenue (contract assets), and deferred revenue (contract liabilities) on the condensed consolidated balance sheet. Amounts charged to our clients become billable according to the contract terms, which usually consider the passage of time, achievement of milestones or completion of the project. When billings occur after the work has been performed, such unbilled amounts will generally be billed and collected within 60 to 120 days but typically no longer than over the next twelve months. When we advance bill clients prior to the work being performed, generally, such amounts will be earned and recognized in revenue within the next twelve months. These assets and liabilities are reported on the condensed consolidated balance sheet on a contract-by-contract basis at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the contract asset and liability balances during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2019 were not materially impacted by any other factors.

We recognized revenue of \$1.5 million and \$2.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, and \$17.2 million and \$18.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the year and primarily represented revenue from services performed during the current period for which we received advance payment from clients in a prior period.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

#### (4) Significant Customers & Concentration of Credit Risk

We have a market concentration of revenue in both the automotive sector and financial & insurance sector. Revenue from the automotive sector accounted for approximately 28% and 21% of our consolidated revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. In addition, we have a concentration of revenue from a single automotive customer, which accounted for approximately 13% and 14% of our consolidated revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. As of September 30, 2019, accounts receivable from a single automotive customer totaled \$12.3 million, or 11%, of our consolidated accounts receivable balance.

Revenue from the financial & insurance sector accounted for approximately 17% and 20% of our consolidated revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. In addition, we have a concentration of revenue from a single financial services customer, which accounted for approximately 11% and 14% of our consolidated revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. As of September 30, 2019, billed and unbilled accounts receivable from a single financial services customer totaled \$17.5 million, or 10%, of our consolidated accounts receivable and unbilled revenue balances.

No other single customer accounted for more than 10% of our consolidated revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 or 2018 or consolidated accounts receivable balance as of September 30, 2019.

#### (5) Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share (EPS) is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS reflects the potential dilution of common stock equivalent shares that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock.

Our dilutive common stock equivalent shares consist of restricted stock units computed under the treasury stock method, using the average market price during the period. Performance-based restricted stock unit awards are included in the computation of diluted shares based on the probable outcome of the underlying performance conditions being achieved. The following table presents instruments which were not dilutive and were excluded from the computation of diluted EPS in each period, as well as the dilutive common stock equivalent shares which were included in the computation of diluted EPS:

	Three Montl Septemb		Nine Month Septembe		
	2019 2018 2019		2019	2018	
		(In thouse	ands)		
Non-dilutive instruments	30	108	87	85	
Dilutive common stock equivalents	38	92	34	92	

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

# (6) Acquisitions

#### **Contingent Consideration**

ASC Topic 805 requires that contingent consideration be recognized at fair value on the acquisition date and be re-measured each reporting period with subsequent adjustments recognized in the condensed consolidated statement of operations. We estimate the fair value of contingent consideration liabilities using an appropriate valuation methodology, typically either an income-based approach or a simulation model, such as the Monte Carlo model, depending on the structure of the contingent consideration arrangement. Contingent consideration is valued using significant inputs that are not observable in the market which are defined as Level 3 inputs pursuant to fair value measurement accounting. We believe our estimates and assumptions are reasonable; however, there is significant judgment involved. At each reporting date, the contingent consideration obligation is revalued to estimated fair value, and changes in fair value subsequent to the acquisitions are reflected in income or expense in the condensed consolidated statements of operations, and could cause a material impact to, and volatility in, our operating results. Changes in the fair value of contingent consideration obligations may result from changes in discount periods and rates and changes in the timing and amount of revenue and/or earnings projections.

Below is a summary of the changes in the recorded amount of contingent consideration liabilities from December 31, 2018 to September 30, 2019 (dollars in thousands):

	bility as of cember 31,					Fai	hange in r Value of ontingent		oreign urrency	ability as of ptember 30,
Acquisition:	2018	Ad	ditions	Pa	yments	Con	sideration	Tr	anslation	2019
IC Axon	\$ 594	\$		\$	_	\$	(594)	\$	_	\$ _
McKinney Rogers	83				_		(83)		_	_
Total	\$ 677	\$		\$		\$	(677)	\$	_	\$ _

As of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, contingent consideration considered a current liability and included in accounts payable totaled \$0 and \$0.6 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2018 we also had accrued contingent consideration totaling \$0.1 million related to acquisitions which are included in other long-term liabilities on the condensed consolidated balance sheets and represent the portion of contingent consideration estimated to be payable greater than twelve months from the balance sheet date.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

# (7) Intangible Assets

#### Goodwill

Changes in the carrying amount of goodwill by reportable business segment for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 were as follows (in thousands):

	orkforce xcellence	Tı	Business ransformation Services	Total
Balance as of December 31, 2018	\$ 123,918	\$	52,206	\$ 176,124
Purchase accounting adjustment	_		810	810
Foreign currency translation	(42)		(679)	(721)
Balance as of September 30, 2019	\$ 123,876	\$	52,337	\$ 176,213

# Intangible Assets Subject to Amortization

Intangible assets with finite lives are subject to amortization over their estimated useful lives. The primary assets included in this category and their respective balances were as follows (in thousands):

September 30, 2019		Gross Carrying Amount		Carrying		Carrying		Accumulated Amortization		et Carrying Amount
Customer relationships	\$	21,967	\$	(6,437)	\$	15,530				
Intellectual property and other		4,505		(2,695)		1,810				
	\$	26,472	\$	(9,132)	\$	17,340				
December 31, 2018										
Customer relationships	\$	26,524	\$	(8,547)	\$	17,977				
Intellectual property and other		4,936		(1,980)		2,956				
	\$	31,460	\$	(10,527)	\$	20,933				

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

#### (8) Stock-Based Compensation

We recognize compensation expense for stock-based compensation awards issued to employees on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period. Compensation cost is based on the fair value of awards as of the grant date.

The following table summarizes the pre-tax stock-based compensation expense included in reported net income (in thousands):

					nths ended mber 30,		
	2	019	20	)18	2019		2018
Restricted stock units		243		196	968		1,173
Board of Directors and other stock grants		540		51	771		171
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$	783	\$	247	\$ 1,739	\$	1,344

Pursuant to our 2011 Stock Incentive Plan (the "2011 Plan"), we may grant awards of non-qualified stock options, incentive stock options, restricted stock, stock units, performance shares, performance units and other incentives payable in cash or in shares of our common stock to officers, employees, members of the Board of Directors and other individuals providing services to the Company. As of September 30, 2019, we had restricted and performance stock units outstanding under these plans.

# (9) **Debt**

On November 30, 2018, we entered into a Credit Agreement with PNC Bank, National Association, as administrative agent and a syndicate of lenders (the "Credit Agreement"), replacing the prior credit agreement with Wells Fargo dated December 21, 2016, as amended on April 28, 2018 and June 29, 2018 (the "Original Credit Agreement"). The Credit agreement provides for a revolving credit facility, which expires on November 29, 2023, and consists of: a revolving loan facility with a borrowing limit of \$200 million, including a \$20 million sublimit for foreign borrowings; an accordion feature allowing the Company to request increases in commitments to the credit facility by up to an additional \$100 million; a \$20 million letter of credit sublimit; and a swingline loan credit sublimit of \$20 million. The obligations under the Credit Agreement are guaranteed by certain of the Company's subsidiaries (the "Guarantors"). As collateral security under the Credit Agreement and the guarantees thereof, the Company and the Guarantors have granted to the administrative agent, for the benefit of the lenders, a lien on, and first priority security interest in substantially all of their tangible and intangible assets. The proceeds of the Credit Agreement were used, in part, to repay in full all outstanding borrowings under the Original Credit Agreement, and additional proceeds of the revolving credit facility are expected to be used for working capital and other general corporate purposes of the Company and its subsidiaries, including the issuance of letters of credit and Permitted Acquisitions, as defined.

Borrowings under the Credit Agreement may be in the form of Base Rate loans or Euro-Rate loans, at the option of the borrowers, and bear interest at the Base Rate plus 0.25% to 1.25% or the Daily LIBOR Rate plus 1.25% to 2.25% respectively. Base Rate loans will bear interest at a fluctuating per annum Base Rate equal to the highest of (i) the Overnight Bank Funding Rate, plus 0.5%, (ii) the Prime Rate, and (iii) the Daily LIBOR Rate, plus 100 basis points (1.0%); plus an Applicable Margin. Determination of the Applicable Margin is based on a pricing grid that is generally dependent upon the Company's Leverage Ratio (as defined) as of the end of the fiscal quarter for which consolidated financial statements have been most recently delivered. We may prepay the revolving loan, in whole or in part, at any time without premium or penalty, subject to certain conditions.

The Credit Agreement contains customary representations, warranties and affirmative covenants. The Credit Agreement also contains customary negative covenants, subject to negotiated exceptions, including but not limited to: (i) liens, (ii) investments, (iii) indebtedness, (iv) significant corporate changes, including mergers and acquisitions, (v) dispositions, (vi) restricted payments, including stock dividends, and (vii) certain other restrictive agreements. The Credit Agreement also requires the Company to maintain compliance with the following financial covenants; (i) a maximum leverage ratio, and (ii) a minimum interest expense coverage ratio. On June 28, 2019 we entered into an amendment to the Credit Agreement that modified the maximum leverage ratio requirements for 2019. We were in compliance with each of these financial covenants under the Credit Agreement, as amended, as of September 30, 2019.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

As of September 30, 2019, there were \$113.2 million of borrowings outstanding and \$8.5 million of available borrowings under the revolving loan facility based on our Leverage Ratio.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, the weighted average interest rate on our borrowings was 4.7% and 3.8%, respectively. As of September 30, 2019, the fair value of our borrowings under the Credit Agreement approximated its carrying value as it bears interest at variable rates. There were \$1.3 million of unamortized debt issue costs related to the Credit Agreement as of September 30, 2019 which are being amortized to interest expense over the term of the Credit Agreement and are included in Other assets on our consolidated balance sheet.

# (10) Income Taxes

Income tax expense was \$2.4 million, or an effective income tax rate of 29.7%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 compared to \$4.2 million, or an effective income tax rate of 30.6%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2018. The decrease in the effective income tax rate in 2019 compared to 2018 is primarily due to a \$0.9 million increase to the provisional estimate recorded in the first quarter of 2018 relating to the one-time transition tax on the mandatory deemed repatriation of cumulative foreign earnings, imposed by the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Tax Act") that was enacted on December 22, 2017 partially offset by a change in the mix of income from lower to higher taxing jurisdictions. Income tax expense for the interim quarterly periods is based on an estimated annual effective tax rate which includes the U.S. federal, state and local, and non-U.S. statutory rates, permanent differences, and other items that may have an impact on income tax expense.

An uncertain tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return is recognized in the financial statements when it is more likely than not (i.e., a likelihood of more than fifty percent) that the position would be sustained upon examination by tax authorities that have full knowledge of all relevant information. A recognized tax position is then measured at the largest amount of benefit that is greater than fifty percent likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement. Interest and penalties related to income taxes are accounted for as income tax expense. As of September 30, 2019, we had no uncertain tax positions reflected on our condensed consolidated balance sheet. The Company files income tax returns in U.S. federal, state and local jurisdictions, and various non-U.S. jurisdictions, and is subject to audit by tax authorities in those jurisdictions. Tax years 2015 through 2018 remain open to examination by these tax jurisdictions, and earlier years remain open to examination in certain of these jurisdictions which have longer statutes of limitations.

# (11) Stockholders' Equity

#### Stock Repurchase Program

We have a share repurchase program under which we may repurchase shares of our common stock from time to time in the open market, subject to prevailing business and market conditions and other factors. During the nine months ended September 30, 2019 we did not repurchase shares and during the nine months ended September 30, 2018, we repurchased approximately 350,000 shares of our common stock in the open market for a total cost of approximately \$8.0 million. As of September 30, 2019, there was approximately \$3.8 million available for future repurchases under the buyback program.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

#### (12) Restructuring

The following table shows the balances and activity for our restructuring liability (in thousands):

	Seve	nployee rance and ed Benefits	Facil	Excess lities and er Costs	Total
Liability as of December 31, 2018	\$	1,266	\$	591	\$ 1,857
Additional restructuring charges		1,405		_	1,405
Reclassification to operating lease liabilities		_		(554)	(554)
Payments		(2,317)		(7)	(2,324)
Liability as of September 30, 2019	\$	354	\$	30	\$ 384

In December 2017, we announced a new organizational structure and plan to improve operating results by increasing organic growth and reducing operating costs, and we initiated restructuring and transition activities to improve operational efficiency, reduce costs and better position the company to drive future revenue growth. These restructuring activities were substantially complete as of June 30, 2018. The total remaining liability under this restructuring plan was \$0.3 million and \$1.9 million as of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively.

In connection with the acquisition of TTi Global, Inc. in December 2018, we initiated restructuring and transition activities in the first quarter of 2019 to reduce costs and eliminate redundant positions to realize synergies with the acquired business. For the nine months ended September 30, 2019, we recorded \$1.4 million of restructuring charges in connection with these activities. The total remaining liability under these restructuring activities was \$0.1 million as of September 30, 2019. We expect the restructuring activities associated with the TTi Global acquisition to be substantially complete by the end of 2019.

#### (13) Leases

We determine at its inception whether an arrangement that provides us control over the use of an asset is a lease. We recognize at lease commencement a right-of-use (ROU) asset and lease liability based on the present value of the future lease payments over the lease term. We have elected not to recognize a ROU asset and lease liability for leases with terms of 12 months or less. Certain of our leases include options to extend the term of the lease or to terminate the lease prior to the end of the initial term. When it is reasonably certain that we will exercise the option, we include the impact of the option in the lease term for purposes of determining total future lease payments. As most of our lease agreements do not explicitly state the discount rate implicit in the lease, we use our incremental borrowing rate on the commencement date to calculate the present value of future payments.

Our leases commonly include payments that are based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI) or other similar indices. These variable lease payments are included in the calculation of the ROU asset and lease liability. Other variable lease payments, such as usage-based amounts, are excluded from the ROU asset and lease liability, and are expensed as incurred. In addition to the present value of the future lease payments, the calculation of the ROU asset also includes any lease pre-payments and initial direct costs of obtaining the lease, such as commissions.

In addition to the base rent, real estate leases typically contain provisions for common-area maintenance and other similar services, which are considered non-lease components for accounting purposes. For our real estate leases, we apply a practical expedient to include these non-lease components in calculating the ROU asset and lease liability. For all other types of leases, non-lease components are excluded from our ROU assets and lease liabilities and expensed as incurred.

We have operating leases for office facilities, vehicles and computer and office equipment. We do not have any finance leases.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

Lease expense is included in Cost of Revenue and General & Administrative Expenses on the condensed consolidated statements of operations, and is recorded net of immaterial sublease income. The components of lease expense were as follows (in thousands):

	]	ee Months Ended ember 30, 2019	ne Months Ended tember 30, 2019
Operating lease cost	\$	1,948	\$ 6,819
Short-term lease cost		580	1,140
Total lease costs	\$	2,528	\$ 7,959

Supplemental information related to leases was as follows (dollars in thousands):

	 Nonths Ended nber 30, 2019
Operating lease right-of-use assets	\$ 27,136
Current portion of operating lease liabilities	\$ 8,429
Non-current portion of operating lease liabilities	22,196
Total operating lease liabilities	\$ 30,625
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of operating lease liabilities	\$ 7,494
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for operating lease liabilities	\$ 2,656
Weighted-average remaining lease term for operating leases (years)	5.7 years
Weighted-average discount rate for operating leases	4.77%

The following is a reconciliation of future undiscounted cash flows to the operating lease liabilities on our condensed consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2019 (in thousands):

# Year ended December 31,

1011 0111011 2 1001111 0 1 7 1,	
2019 (excluding the nine months ended September 30, 2019)	\$ 2,473
2020	8,287
2021	5,956
2022	4,712
2023	4,029
Thereafter	9,711
Total future lease payments	 35,168
Less: imputed interest	(4,543)
Present value of future lease payments	 30,625
Less: current portion of lease liabilities	(8,429)
Long-term lease liabilities	\$ 22,196

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

Under Topic 840, our future minimum payments for all operating lease obligations as of December 31, 2018 were as follows (in thousands):

Year ended December 31,	
2019	\$ 10,646
2020	7,833
2021	5,520
2022	4,528
2023	3,898
Thereafter	8,671

41,096

# (14) Business Segments

Total

As of September 30, 2019, we operated through two reportable business segments: (i) Workforce Excellence and (ii) Business Transformation Services. In December 2017, we announced a new organizational structure and plan to improve operating results by increasing organic growth and reducing operating costs. Effective January 1, 2018, we re-organized into two operating segments aligned by complementary service lines and supported by a new business development organization aligned by industry sector. The Workforce Excellence segment includes the majority of the former Learning Solutions and Professional & Technical Services segments. The Business Transformation Services segment includes the majority of the former Performance Readiness Solutions and Sandy Training & Marketing segments. Certain business units transferred between the former operating segments to better align with the service offerings of the two new segments. In addition, effective July 1, 2018, we transferred the management responsibility of certain additional business units between the two operating segments primarily to consolidate our non-technical content design and development businesses into one global digital learning strategies and solutions service line. We have reclassified the segment financial information herein for the prior year periods to reflect the changes in our segment reporting during 2018 and conform to the current year's presentation.

Each of our two reportable segments represents an operating segment under ASC Topic 280, *Segment Reporting*. We test our goodwill at the reporting unit level, or one level below an operating segment, under ASC Topic 350, *Intangibles - Goodwill and Other*. In connection with the new organizational structure that went into effect on January 1, 2018, we determined that we have four reporting units for purposes of goodwill impairment testing, which represent our four practices which are one level below the operating segments, as discussed below.

Our two segments each consist of two global practice areas which are focused on providing similar and/or complementary products and services across our diverse customer base and within targeted markets. Within each practice are various service lines having specific areas of expertise. Marketing and communications, sales, accounting, finance, legal, human resources, information systems and other administrative services are organized at the corporate level. Business development and sales resources are aligned by industry sector to support existing customer accounts and new customer development across both segments. Further information regarding our business segments is discussed below.

**Workforce Excellence.** The Workforce Excellence segment advises and partners with leading organizations in designing, implementing, operating and supporting their talent management and workforce strategies, enabling them to gain greater competitive edge in their markets. This segment consists of two practices:

Managed Learning Services - this practice focuses on creating value for our customers by delivering a suite of talent
management and learning design, development, operational and support services that can be delivered as large scale
outsourcing arrangements, managed services contracts and project-based service engagements. The Managed Learning
Services offerings include strategic learning and development consulting services, digital learning content design and
development solutions and a suite of managed learning operations services, including: managed facilitation and delivery,

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

managed training administration and logistics, help desk support, tuition reimbursement management services, event management and vendor management.

• Engineering & Technical Services - this practice focuses on capital intensive, inherently hazardous and/or highly complex technical services in support of both U.S. government and global commercial industries. Our products and services include design, development and delivery of technical work-based learning, CapEx (plant launch) initiatives, engineering design and construction management, fabrication, and management services, operational excellence consulting, chemical demilitarization services, homeland security services, emergency management support services along with all forms of technical documentation. We deliver world-class asset management and performance improvement consulting to a host of industries. Our proprietary EtaPRO® Performance and Condition Monitoring System provides a suite of real-time digital solutions for hundreds of facilities and is installed in power-generating units around the world. We also provide thousands of technical courses in a web-based off the shelf delivery format through our GPiLEARN+TM portal.

**Business Transformation Services.** The Business Transformation Services segment works with organizations to execute complex business strategies by linking business systems, process and people's performance to clear and measurable results. We have a holistic methodology to establishing direction and closing the gap between strategy and execution. Our approach equips business leaders and teams with the tools and capability to deliver high-performance results. This segment consists of two practices:

- Sales Enablement this practice provides custom product sales training and service technical training, primarily to automotive manufacturers, designed to better educate the customer salesforces as well as the service technicians with respect to new product features and designs, in effect rapidly increasing the salesforce and technicians knowledge base and enabling them to address retail customer needs. Furthermore, this segment helps our clients assess their customer relationship marketing strategy and connect with their customers on a one-to-one basis, including custom print and digital publications. We have been a custom product sales and service technical training provider and leader in serving manufacturing customers in the U.S. automotive industry for over 40 years.
- Organizational Development this practice works with organizations to design and execute an integrated people
  performance system. This translates to helping organizations set strategy, carry that strategy through every level of the
  organization and ensure that their people have the right skills, knowledge, tools, processes and technology to enable
  the transformation and achieve business results. Solutions include strategy, leadership, employee engagement and
  culture consulting, enterprise technology implementation and adoption solutions, and organization design and business
  performance consulting.

We do not allocate the following items to the segments: general & administrative expenses, sales & marketing expenses, restructuring charges, other expense, interest expense, gain on change in fair value of contingent consideration and income tax expense.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

The following table sets forth the revenue and operating results attributable to each reportable segment and includes a reconciliation of segment revenue to consolidated revenue and operating results to consolidated income before income tax expense (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2019		2018		2019		2018	
Revenue:								
Workforce Excellence	\$	82,490	\$	80,516	\$	242,999	\$	239,044
Business Transformation Services		56,515		43,050		184,892		143,245
	\$	139,005	\$	123,566	\$	427,891	\$	382,289
Gross profit:								
Workforce Excellence	\$	14,290	\$	13,400	\$	41,092	\$	39,682
Business Transformation Services		7,377		5,799		24,812		19,769
Total gross profit		21,667		19,199		65,904		59,451
General and administrative expenses		15,240		12,227		46,769		40,207
Sales and marketing expenses		1,830		1,297		5,725		3,128
Restructuring charges		104		_		1,405		2,930
Gain on change in fair value of contingent consideration, net		_		526		677		3,972
Operating income		4,493		6,201		12,682		17,158
Interest expense		1,575		1,095		4,852		1,631
Other income (expense)		184		(760)		272		(1,912)
Income before income tax expense	\$	3,102	\$	4,346	\$	8,102	\$	13,615

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

# (15) Subsequent Event

On October 1, 2019, we sold our tuition program management business pursuant to an Asset Purchase Agreement with Bright Horizons Children's Centers LLC. The purchase price was \$20.2 million which was paid on closing, other than \$1.5 million which is being held in escrow to secure possible indemnification claims pursuant to the terms of an escrow agreement which expires October 1, 2020. The purchase price is subject to adjustment based on a final calculation of assumed liabilities as defined in the asset purchase agreement and is expected to be finalized during the fourth quarter of 2019.

#### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

#### **Results of Operations**

#### General Overview

We are a global performance improvement solutions provider of training, digital learning solutions, management consulting and engineering services that seeks to improve the effectiveness of organizations by providing services and products that are customized to meet the specific needs of clients. Clients include Fortune 500 companies and governmental and other commercial customers in a variety of industries. We believe we are a global leader in performance improvement, with over five decades of experience in providing solutions to optimize workforce performance.

As of September 30, 2019, we operated through two reportable business segments: (i) Workforce Excellence and (ii) Business Transformation Services. In December 2017, we announced a new organizational structure and plan to improve operating results by increasing organic growth and reducing operating costs. Effective January 1, 2018, we re-organized into two operating segments aligned by complementary service lines and supported by a new business development organization aligned by industry sector. The Workforce Excellence segment includes the majority of the former Learning Solutions and Professional & Technical Services segments. The Business Transformation Services segment includes the majority of the former Performance Readiness Solutions and Sandy Training & Marketing segments. Certain business units transferred between the former operating segments to better align with the service offerings of the two new segments. In addition, effective July 1, 2018, we transferred the management responsibility of certain additional business units between the two operating segments primarily to consolidate our non-technical content design and development businesses into one global digital learning strategies and solutions service line. We have reclassified the segment financial information herein for the prior year periods to reflect the changes in our segments and conform to the current year's presentation.

Each of our two reportable segments represents an operating segment under ASC Topic 280, Segment Reporting. We test our goodwill at the reporting unit level, or one level below an operating segment, under ASC Topic 350, Intangibles - Goodwill and Other. In connection with the new organizational structure that went into effect on January 1, 2018, we determined that we have four reporting units for purposes of goodwill impairment testing, which represent our four practices which are one level below the operating segments, as discussed below.

Our two segments each consist of two global practice areas which are focused on providing similar and/or complementary products and services across our diverse customer base and within targeted markets. Within each practice are various service lines having specific areas of expertise. Marketing and communications, sales, accounting, finance, legal, human resources, information systems and other administrative services are organized at the corporate level. Business development and sales resources are aligned by industry sector to support existing customer accounts and new customer development across both segments. Further information regarding our business segments is discussed below.

**Workforce Excellence.** The Workforce Excellence segment advises and partners with leading organizations in designing, implementing, operating and supporting their talent management and workforce strategies, enabling them to gain greater competitive edge in their markets. This segment consists of two practices:

- Managed Learning Services this practice focuses on creating value for our customers by delivering a suite of talent
  management and learning design, development, operational and support services that can be delivered as large scale
  outsourcing arrangements, managed services contracts and project-based service engagements. The Managed Learning
  Services offerings include strategic learning and development consulting services, digital learning content design and
  development solutions and a suite of managed learning operations services, including: managed facilitation and delivery,
  managed training administration and logistics, help desk support, tuition reimbursement management services, event
  management and vendor management.
- Engineering & Technical Services this practice focuses on capital intensive, inherently hazardous and/or highly complex technical services in support of both U.S. government and global commercial industries. Our products and services include design, development and delivery of technical work-based learning, CapEx (plant launch) initiatives, engineering design and construction management, fabrication, and management services, operational excellence consulting, chemical demilitarization services, homeland security services, emergency management support services along with all forms of technical documentation. We deliver world-class asset management and performance improvement consulting to a host of industries. Our proprietary EtaPRO® Performance and Condition Monitoring

System provides a suite of real-time digital solutions for hundreds of facilities and is installed in power-generating units around the world. We also provide thousands of technical courses in a web-based off the shelf delivery format through our GPiLEARN+TM portal.

**Business Transformation Services.** The Business Transformation Services segment works with organizations to execute complex business strategies by linking business systems, process and people's performance to clear and measurable results. We have a holistic methodology to establishing direction and closing the gap between strategy and execution. Our approach equips business leaders and teams with the tools and capability to deliver high-performance results. This segment consists of two practices:

- Sales Enablement this practice provides custom product sales training and service technical training, primarily to automotive manufacturers, designed to better educate the customer salesforces as well as the service technicians with respect to new product features and designs, in effect rapidly increasing the salesforce and technicians knowledge base and enabling them to address retail customer needs. Furthermore, this segment helps our clients assess their customer relationship marketing strategy and connect with their customers on a one-to-one basis, including custom print and digital publications. We have been a custom product sales and service technical training provider and leader in serving manufacturing customers in the U.S. automotive industry for over 40 years.
- Organizational Development this practice works with organizations to design and execute an integrated people
  performance system. This translates to helping organizations set strategy, carry that strategy through every level of the
  organization and ensure that their people have the right skills, knowledge, tools, processes and technology to enable
  the transformation and achieve business results. Solutions include strategy, leadership, employee engagement and
  culture consulting, enterprise technology implementation and adoption solutions, and organization design and business
  performance consulting.

#### Acquisitions

#### TTi Global

On November 30, 2018, we entered into a Share Purchase Agreement with TTi Global, Inc. ("TTi Global") and its stockholders and acquired all of the outstanding shares of TTi Global. The transaction under the Share Purchase Agreement includes the acquisition of TTi Global's subsidiaries (except for its UK and Spain subsidiaries and dormant entities) and certain affiliated companies. The Company purchased TTi Global's UK and Spain subsidiaries in a separate transaction in August 2018 which is discussed further below. TTi Global is a provider of training, staffing, research and consulting solutions to industries across various sectors with automotive as a core focus. The total upfront purchase price for TTi Global was \$14.2 million of cash paid upon closing on November 30, 2018. The purchase price is subject to reduction based on a minimum working capital requirement, as defined in the Share Purchase Agreement. During the third quarter of 2019, the seller paid us \$0.9 million in settlement of the working capital requirement. The acquired TTi Global business is included in the Business Transformation Services segment and the results of its operations have been included in the consolidated financial statements beginning December 1, 2018. The proforma impact of the acquisition is not material to our results of operations.

#### TTi (Europe)

On August 7, 2018, we acquired the entire share capital of TTi (Europe) Limited, a subsidiary of TTi Global, Inc. ("TTi Europe"), a provider of training and research services primarily for the automotive industry located in the United Kingdom. The upfront purchase price was \$3.0 million in cash. The acquired TTi Europe business is included in the Business Transformation Services segment and the results of its operations have been included in the condensed consolidated financial statements beginning August 7, 2018. The pro-forma impact of the acquisition is not material to our results of operations.

#### IC Axon

On May 1, 2018, we acquired the entire share capital of IC Acquisition Corporation, a Delaware corporation, and its subsidiary, IC Axon Inc., a Canadian corporation (IC Axon). IC Axon develops science-driven custom learning solutions for pharmaceutical and life science customers. The upfront purchase price was \$30.5 million in cash. In addition, the purchase agreement requires up to an additional \$3.5 million of consideration, contingent upon the achievement of an earnings target during a twelve-month period subsequent to the closing of the acquisition. No contingent consideration was payable to the sellers as the earnings target was not achieved. The acquired IC Axon business is included in the Workforce Excellence segment and the results of its operations have been included in the condensed consolidated financial statements beginning May 1, 2018. The pro-forma impact of the acquisition is not material to our results of operations.

#### Divestiture

On October 1, 2019, we sold our tuition program management business pursuant to an Asset Purchase Agreement with Bright Horizons Children's Centers LLC. The purchase price was \$20.2 million which was paid on closing, other than \$1.5 million which is being held in escrow to secure possible indemnification claims pursuant to the terms of an escrow agreement which expires October 1, 2020. The purchase price is subject to adjustment based on a final calculation of assumed liabilities as defined in the asset purchase agreement and is expected to be finalized during the fourth quarter of 2019.

#### **Operating Highlights**

# Three Months ended September 30, 2019 Compared to the Three Months ended September 30, 2018

Our revenue increased \$15.4 million or 12.5% during the third quarter of 2019 compared to the third quarter of 2018. The net increase is due to a \$2.0 million increase in our Workforce Excellence segment and a \$13.5 million increase in our Business Transformation Services segment. Foreign currency exchange rate changes resulted in a total \$1.8 million decrease in U.S. dollar reported revenue during the third quarter of 2019. The changes in revenue and gross profit are discussed in further detail below by segment.

Operating income, the components of which are discussed below, decreased \$1.7 million or 27.5% to \$4.5 million for the third quarter of 2019 compared to \$6.2 million for the third quarter of 2018. The net decrease in operating income is primarily due to a \$3.0 million increase in general and administrative expenses, a \$0.5 million increase in sales and marketing expenses and a \$0.5 million decrease in the gain on change in fair value of contingent consideration, partially offset by a \$2.5 million increase in gross profit.

For the three months ended September 30, 2019, we had income before income tax expense of \$3.1 million compared to \$4.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2018. Net income was \$2.1 million, or \$0.13 per diluted share, for the three months ended September 30, 2019, compared to net income of \$3.2 million, or \$0.20 per diluted share, for the three months ended September 30, 2018. Diluted weighted average shares outstanding were 16.9 million for the third quarter of 2019 compared to 16.6 million for the third quarter of 2018.

#### Revenue

(Dollars in thousands)	Three months ended		ended
	September 30,		
	 2019		2018
Workforce Excellence	\$ 82,490	\$	80,516
Business Transformation Services	56,515		43,050
	\$ 139,005	\$	123,566

Workforce Excellence revenue increased \$2.0 million or 2.5% during the third quarter of 2019 compared to the third quarter of 2018. The revenue increase is due to the following:

- a \$5.6 million net increase in revenue in our Managed Learning Services practice primarily due to the following:
  - a \$4.8 million net increase in revenue for managed learning and training content development services primarily due to new content development and outsourcing contracts; and
  - a \$0.8 million increase in vocational skills training services provided to the UK government; partially offset by
- a \$2.2 million net decrease in revenue in our Engineering & Technical Services practice primarily due to the following:
  - a \$1.1 million decrease in revenue from alternative fuels projects; and
  - a \$1.1 million net decrease in disaster recovery services and software license sales; and
- a \$1.4 million net decrease in revenue due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Business Transformation Services revenue increased \$13.5 million or 31.3% during the third quarter of 2019 compared to the third quarter of 2018. The revenue increase is due to the following:

- a \$13.9 million net increase in our Sales Enablement practice primarily due to the following:
  - a \$13.3 million increase due to incremental revenue contributed by the TTi Global and TTi Europe acquisitions completed on December 1, 2018 and August 7, 2018, respectively; and
  - a \$0.6 million net increase in automotive sales training services largely due to a \$1.5 million increase in new
    vehicle launch events and training services for automotive clients offset by a \$0.9 million decrease in publications
    revenue due to a shift in the timing of magazine publication mailings as compared to 2018; partially offset by
- a \$0.4 million net decrease in revenue due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Revenue in our Organizational Development practice for the third quarter of 2019 was consistent with the third quarter of 2018.

#### Gross Profit

(Dollars in thousands)

# Three months ended September 30.

september 50,					
2019			2018		
		% Revenue			% Revenue
\$	14,290	17.3%	\$	13,400	16.6%
	7,377	13.1%		5,799	13.5%
\$	21,667	15.6%	\$	19,199	15.5%
	\$	\$ 14,290 7,377	2019  % Revenue  \$ 14,290 17.3%  7,377 13.1%	2019       % Revenue       \$ 14,290     17.3%     \$       7,377     13.1%	2019     20       % Revenue     \$ 14,290     17.3%     \$ 13,400       7,377     13.1%     5,799

Workforce Excellence gross profit of \$14.3 million or 17.3% of revenue for the third quarter of 2019 increased by \$0.9 million or 6.6% compared to gross profit of \$13.4 million or 16.6% of revenue for the third quarter of 2018 primarily due to a net increase in gross profit in our Managed Learning Services practice due to the revenue increases noted above.

Business Transformation Services gross profit of \$7.4 million or 13.1% of revenue for the third quarter of 2019 increased by \$1.6 million or 27.2% compared to gross profit of \$5.8 million or 13.5% of revenue for the third quarter 2018 primarily due to gross profit contributed by the acquired TTi business and an increase in gross profit in our Organizational Development practice.

#### General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses increased \$3.0 million or 24.6% from \$12.2 million in the third quarter of 2018 to \$15.2 million in the third quarter of 2019. The increase in general and administrative expenses is primarily due to a \$1.2 million increase in G&A expense associated with the acquired TTi business, a \$1.0 million increase due to internal labor costs that were capitalized in connection with our financial system implementation in the third quarter of 2018 but that are included in G&A expense in 2019, a \$0.4 million increase in bad debt expense, and a \$0.4 million increase in various other expenses.

#### Sales and Marketing Expenses

Sales and marketing expenses increased \$0.5 million or 41.1% from \$1.3 million for the third quarter of 2018 to \$1.8 million for the third quarter of 2019 primarily resulting from centralizing marketing resources that were previously recorded in cost of revenue during 2018.

#### Restructuring charges

Restructuring charges increased \$0.1 million in the third quarter of 2019 compared to the third quarter of 2018. In connection with the acquisition of TTi Global, Inc. in December 2018, we initiated restructuring and transition activities in the first quarter of 2019 to reduce costs and eliminate redundant positions to realize synergies with the acquired business. We recognized restructuring charges of \$0.1 million in the third quarter of 2019 relating to these restructuring activities.

# Change in Fair Value of Contingent Consideration

During the third quarter of 2019, the net gain on the change in fair value of contingent consideration related to acquisitions decreased \$0.5 million compared to the third quarter of 2018. As of September 30, 2019, we didn't have any outstanding contingent consideration arrangements related to prior acquisitions. See Note 6 for further details regarding our accounting for contingent consideration.

#### Interest Expense

Interest expense was \$1.6 million for the third quarter of 2019 compared to \$1.1 million for the third quarter of 2018. The increase is due to an increase in interest rates and borrowings under the Company's credit agreement as compared to the third quarter of 2018.

#### Other Income (Expense)

Other income was \$0.2 million for the third quarter of 2019 compared to other expense of \$0.8 million for the third quarter of 2018. The increase in other income is primarily due to a \$0.5 million gain in the third quarter of 2019 related to a divested business for which a \$0.3 million loss on disposal was included in other income (expense) during the third quarter of 2018. Other income (expense) also includes \$0.5 million of foreign currency losses in the third quarters of both 2019 and 2018. Foreign currency gains and losses primarily relate to the effect of exchange rates on intercompany receivables and payables and third party receivables and payables that are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of our foreign subsidiaries.

# Income Tax Expense

Income tax expense was \$1.0 million for the third quarter of 2019 compared to \$1.1 million for the third quarter of 2018. The effective income tax rate was 31.0% and 25.4% for the three months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The increase in the effective income tax rate in 2019 compared to 2018 is primarily due to a change in the mix of income from lower to higher taxing jurisdictions. Income tax expense for the interim quarterly periods is based on an estimated annual effective tax rate which includes the U.S. federal, state and local, and non-U.S. statutory rates, permanent differences, and other items that may have an impact on income tax expense.

# Nine Months ended September 30, 2019 Compared to the Nine Months ended September 30, 2018

Our revenue increased \$45.6 million or 11.9% during the nine months ended September 30, 2019 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2018. The net increase in revenue is due to a \$4.0 million increase in our Workforce Excellence segment and a \$41.6 million increase in our Business Transformation Services segment. Foreign currency exchange rate changes resulted in a total \$7.1 million decrease in U.S. dollar reported revenue during the nine months ended September 30, 2019. The changes in revenue and gross profit are discussed in further detail below by segment.

Operating income, the components of which are discussed in detail below, decreased \$4.5 million or 26.1% to \$12.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 compared to \$17.2 million for the same period in 2018. The net decrease in operating income is primarily due to a \$6.6 million increase in general and administrative expenses, a \$2.6 million increase in sales and marketing expenses and a \$3.3 million decrease in the gain on change in fair value of contingent consideration, partially offset by a \$6.5 million net increase in gross profit and a \$1.5 million decrease in restructuring costs.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2019, we had income before income tax expense of \$8.1 million compared to \$13.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018. Net income was \$5.7 million, or \$0.34 per diluted share, for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, compared to net income of \$9.5 million, or \$0.57 per diluted share, for the nine months ended September 30, 2018. Diluted weighted average shares outstanding were 16.8 million and 16.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

#### Revenue

(Dollars in thousands)	Nine months ended September 30,		
	2019		2018
Workforce Excellence	\$ 242,999	\$	239,044
Business Transformation Services	184,892		143,245
	\$ 427,891	\$	382,289

Workforce Excellence revenue increased \$4.0 million or 1.7% during the nine months ended September 30, 2019 compared to the same period in 2018. The revenue increase is due to the following:

• a \$8.0 million net increase in revenue in our Managed Learning Services practice primarily due to the following:

- a \$5.1 million increase in revenue from the IC Axon business acquired on May 1, 2018;
- a \$3.4 million net increase in revenue for managed learning and training content development services; partially offset by
- a \$0.5 million decrease in vocational skills training services provided to the UK government.
- a \$1.4 million net increase in revenue in our Engineering & Technical Services practice primarily due to an increase in disaster relief services and an increase in chemical demilitarization training services for a U.S. government client, partially offset by a net decrease in engineering and technical training services for various clients.

These increases were offset by a \$5.4 million net decrease in revenue due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Business Transformation Services revenue increased \$41.6 million or 29.1% during the nine months ended September 30, 2019 compared to the same period in 2018. The revenue increase is due to the following:

- a \$44.2 million net increase in our Sales Enablement practice primarily due to the following:
  - a \$40.1 million increase due to incremental revenue contributed by the TTi Global and TTi Europe acquisitions completed on December 1, 2018 and August 7, 2018, respectively; and
  - a \$4.1 million net increase in automotive sales training services largely due to new vehicle launch events for automotive clients.

These revenue increases were offset by the following decreases:

- a \$0.9 million decrease in revenue in our Organizational Development practice primarily due to a decline in human capital management system implementation services offset by an increase in strategic consulting services; and
- a \$1.7 million net decrease in revenue due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

#### Gross Profit

(Dollars in thousands)

# Nine months ended September 30.

	September 30,					
	 2019			2018		
		% Revenue			% Revenue	
Workforce Excellence	\$ 41,092	16.9%	\$	39,682	16.6%	
<b>Business Transformation Services</b>	24,812	13.4%		19,769	13.8%	
	\$ 65,904	15.4%	\$	59,451	15.6%	

Workforce Excellence gross profit of \$41.1 million or 16.9% of revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 increased by \$1.4 million or 3.6% when compared to gross profit of \$39.7 million or 16.6% of revenue for the same period in 2018 primarily due to the following:

- a \$2.2 million net increase in gross profit in our Managed Learning Services practice primarily due to the revenue increases
  noted above, partially offset by a decline in vocational skills training services provided to the UK government as a result
  of the lower revenue as noted above; partially offset by
- a \$0.8 million net decrease in gross profit due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Business Transformation Services gross profit of \$24.8 million or 13.4% of revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 increased by \$5.0 million or 25.5% when compared to gross profit of \$19.8 million or 13.8% of revenue for the same period in 2018 primarily due to \$3.2 million of gross profit contributed by the acquired TTi business, a \$1.2 million increase in gross profit in our Organizational Development practice and a \$0.6 million increase in gross profit in our Sales Enablement practice.

#### General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses increased \$6.6 million or 16.3% from \$40.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 to \$46.8 million for the same period in 2019. The increase in general and administrative expenses is primarily due to a \$4.0 million increase in G&A expense associated with the acquired TTi businesses, a \$1.8 million increase due to internal labor costs that were capitalized in connection with our financial system implementation in 2018 but that are included in G&A expense in 2019, and a \$0.8 million increase in bad debt expense.

#### Sales and Marketing Expenses

Sales and marketing expenses increased \$2.6 million or 83.0% from \$3.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 to \$5.7 million for the same period in 2019 primarily due to labor and benefits expense relating to the hiring of additional business development personnel as well as marketing personnel, some of which represents new investments and some of which results from centralizing marketing resources that were previously recorded in cost of revenue.

#### Restructuring charges

Restructuring charges decreased \$1.5 million in the first half of 2019 compared to the same period in 2018. In connection with the acquisition of TTi Global, Inc. in December 2018, we initiated restructuring and transition activities in the first quarter of 2019 to reduce costs and eliminate redundant positions to realize synergies with the acquired business. We recognized restructuring charges of \$1.4 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2019 relating to these restructuring activities. During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, we recognized \$2.9 million of restructuring charges in connection with the reorganization that was initiated in December 2017.

#### Change in Fair Value of Contingent Consideration

We recognized a net gain on the change in fair value of contingent consideration related to acquisitions of \$0.7 million and \$4.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. See Note 6 for further details regarding our accounting for contingent consideration.

#### Interest Expense

Interest expense increased \$3.2 million from \$1.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 to \$4.9 million for the same period in 2019. The net increase is due to a \$2.1 million increase in interest expense due to both an increase in interest rates and higher borrowings under the Credit Agreement, as well as a \$1.1 million non-recurring reversal of a interest accrual during the second quarter of 2018 related to an unremitted value-added tax associated with prior year client billings which was favorably settled during the second quarter of 2018.

#### Other Income (Expense)

Other income was \$0.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 compared to other expense of \$1.9 million for the same period in 2018. The increase in other income is partially due to a \$0.5 million gain in the third quarter of 2019 related to a divested business for which a \$0.3 million loss on disposal was included in other income (expense) during the third quarter of 2018. The increase in other income is also due to a \$1.0 million decrease in foreign currency losses and a \$0.2 million increase in income from a joint venture during the nine months ended September 30, 2019 compared to the corresponding period in 2018. Foreign currency gains and losses primarily relate to the effect of exchange rates on intercompany receivables and payables and third party receivables and payables that are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of our foreign subsidiaries.

#### Income Tax Expense

Income tax expense was \$2.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 compared to \$4.2 million for the same period in 2018. The effective income tax rate was 29.7% and 30.6% for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The decrease in the effective income tax rate in 2019 compared to 2018 is primarily due to a \$0.9 million increase to the provisional estimate recorded in the first quarter of 2018 relating to the one-time transition tax on the mandatory deemed repatriation of cumulative foreign earnings, imposed by the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Tax Act") that was enacted on December 22, 2017, partially offset by a change in the mix of income from lower to higher taxing jurisdictions. Income tax expense for the interim quarterly periods is based on an estimated annual effective tax rate which includes the U.S. federal, state and local, and non-U.S. statutory rates, permanent differences, and other items that may have an impact on income tax expense.

#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

#### Working Capital

Our working capital was \$101.8 million at September 30, 2019 compared to \$103.9 million at December 31, 2018. As of September 30, 2019 we had \$113.2 million of long-term debt outstanding. We believe that cash generated from operations and borrowings available under our Credit Agreement (\$8.5 million of available borrowings as of September 30, 2019 based on our consolidated leverage ratio) will be sufficient to fund our working capital and other requirements for at least the next twelve months.

As of September 30, 2019, the amount of cash and cash equivalents held outside of the U.S. by foreign subsidiaries was \$7.6 million. The 2017 Tax Act includes a mandatory one-time tax on accumulated earnings of foreign subsidiaries, and as a result, all previously unremitted earnings for which no U.S. deferred tax liability had been accrued have now been subject to U.S. tax. Notwithstanding the U.S. taxation of these amounts, we intend to continue to invest these earnings, as well as our capital in these subsidiaries, indefinitely outside of the U.S. and do not expect to incur any significant, additional taxes related to such amounts.

#### Divestiture

On October 1, 2019, we sold our tuition program management business pursuant to an Asset Purchase Agreement with Bright Horizons Children's Centers LLC. The purchase price was \$20.2 million which was paid on closing, other than \$1.5 million which is being held in escrow to secure possible indemnification claims pursuant to the terms of an escrow agreement which expires October 1, 2020. The purchase price is subject to adjustment based on a final calculation of assumed liabilities as defined in the asset purchase agreement and is expected to be finalized during the fourth quarter of 2019.

#### Stock Repurchase Program

We have a share repurchase program under which we may repurchase shares of our common stock from time to time in the open market, subject to prevailing business and market conditions and other factors. During the nine months ended September 30, 2019 we did not repurchase shares and during the nine months ended September 30, 2018, we repurchased approximately 350,000 shares of our common stock in the open market for a total cost of approximately \$8.0 million. As of September 30, 2019, there was approximately \$3.8 million available for future repurchases under the buyback program.

#### Significant Customers & Concentration of Credit Risk

We have a market concentration of revenue in both the automotive sector and financial & insurance sector. Revenue from the automotive sector accounted for approximately 28% and 21% of our consolidated revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. In addition, we have a concentration of revenue from a single automotive customer, which accounted for approximately 13% and 14% of our consolidated revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. As of September 30, 2019, accounts receivable from a single automotive customer totaled \$12.3 million, or 11%, of our consolidated accounts receivable balance.

Revenue from the financial & insurance sector accounted for approximately 17% and 20% of our consolidated revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018. In addition, we have a concentration of revenue from a single financial services customer, which accounted for approximately 11% and 14% of our consolidated revenue for the nine-months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. As of September 30, 2019, billed and unbilled accounts receivable from a single financial services customer totaled \$17.5 million, or 10%, of our consolidated accounts receivable and unbilled revenue balances. No other single customer accounted for more than 10% of our consolidated revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 or 2018 or consolidated accounts receivable balance as of September 30, 2019.

#### Cash Flows

#### Nine Months ended September 30, 2019 Compared to the Nine Months ended September 30, 2018

Our cash and cash equivalents balance decreased \$5.7 million from \$13.4 million as of December 31, 2018 to \$7.7 million as of September 30, 2019. The decrease in cash and cash equivalents during the nine months ended September 30, 2019 resulted from cash provided by operating activities of \$4.6 million, cash used in investing activities of \$3.3 million, cash used in financing activities of \$5.1 million and a negative effect of exchange rate changes on cash of \$1.8 million.

Cash provided by operating activities was \$4.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 compared to \$3.5 million for the same period in 2018. The increase in cash from operations is primarily due to an increase in net income after adjusting for non-cash items, partially offset by a net decrease in working capital balances during the nine months ended September 30, 2019 compared to the same period in 2018.

Cash used in investing activities was \$3.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 compared to \$48.4 million for the same period in 2018. The decrease in cash used in investing activities is primarily due to a \$44.0 million decrease in cash paid to complete acquisitions and a \$1.0 million decrease in other investing activities primarily for capitalized software development costs.

Cash used in financing activities was \$5.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 compared to cash provided by financing activities of \$32.5 million for the same period in 2018. The decrease in cash provided by financing activities is primarily due to a net decrease in borrowings under our credit agreement, partially offset by \$8.8 million of cash used for share repurchases in 2018 that did not recur in 2019.

#### Debt

On November 30, 2018, we entered into a Credit Agreement with PNC Bank, National Association, as administrative agent and a syndicate of lenders (the "Credit Agreement"), replacing the prior credit agreement with Wells Fargo dated December 21, 2016, as amended on April 28, 2018 and June 29, 2018 (the "Original Credit Agreement"). The Credit agreement provides for a revolving credit facility, which expires on November 29, 2023, and consists of: a revolving loan facility with a borrowing limit of \$200 million, including a \$20 million sublimit for foreign borrowings; an accordion feature allowing the Company to request increases in commitments to the credit facility by up to an additional \$100 million; a \$20 million letter of credit sublimit; and a swingline loan credit sublimit of \$20 million. The obligations under the Credit Agreement are guaranteed by certain of the Company's subsidiaries (the "Guarantors"). As collateral security under the Credit Agreement and the guarantees thereof, the Company and the Guarantors have granted to the administrative agent, for the benefit of the lenders, a lien on, and first priority security interest in substantially all of their tangible and intangible assets. The proceeds of the Credit Agreement were used, in part, to repay in full all outstanding borrowings under the Original Credit Agreement, and additional proceeds of the revolving credit facility are expected to be used for working capital and other general corporate purposes of the Company and its subsidiaries, including the issuance of letters of credit and Permitted Acquisitions, as defined.

Borrowings under the Credit Agreement may be in the form of Base Rate loans or Euro-Rate loans, at the option of the borrowers, and bear interest at the Base Rate plus 0.25% to 1.25% or the Daily LIBOR Rate plus 1.25% to 2.25% respectively. Base Rate loans will bear interest at a fluctuating per annum Base Rate equal to the highest of (i) the Overnight Bank Funding Rate, plus 0.5%, (ii) the Prime Rate, and (iii) the Daily LIBOR Rate, plus 100 basis points (1.0%); plus an Applicable Margin. Determination of the Applicable Margin is based on a pricing grid that is generally dependent upon the Company's Leverage Ratio (as defined) as of the end of the fiscal quarter for which consolidated financial statements have been most recently delivered. We may prepay the revolving loan, in whole or in part, at any time without premium or penalty, subject to certain conditions.

The Credit Agreement contains customary representations, warranties and affirmative covenants. The Credit Agreement also contains customary negative covenants, subject to negotiated exceptions, including but not limited to: (i) liens, (ii) investments, (iii) indebtedness, (iv) significant corporate changes, including mergers and acquisitions, (v) dispositions, (vi) restricted payments, including stock dividends, and (vii) certain other restrictive agreements. On June 28, 2019 we entered into an amendment to the Credit Agreement that requires the company to maintain compliance with a maximum leverage ratio of 3.75 to 1.0 for the fiscal quarter ending June 30, 2019, 3.5 to 1.0 for the fiscal quarter ending September 30, 2019, and 3.00 to 1.0 for fiscal quarters ending December 31, 2019 and thereafter, and a minimum interest expense coverage ratio of 3.0 to 1.0. The leverage ratio is computed by dividing our Funded Debt by our Consolidated EBITDA, as those terms are defined in the Credit Agreement, for the trailing four fiscal quarters, and the interest coverage ratio is computed by dividing our Consolidated EBITDA by our Consolidated Interest Expense for the trailing four fiscal quarters. As of September 30, 2019, our leverage ratio was 3.3 to 1.0 and our interest expense

ratio was 5.7 to 1.0, each of which was in compliance with the Credit Agreement. We expect to be in compliance with the lower maximum leverage ratio of 3.0 to 1.0 as of December 31, 2019 due to a reduction in our debt from the proceeds of the sale of our tuition program management business in October 2019, as well as anticipated operating cash flow during the fourth quarter of 2019.

As of September 30, 2019, there were \$113.2 million of borrowings outstanding and \$8.5 million of available borrowings under the revolving loan facility based on our Leverage Ratio. For the three months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, the weighted average interest rate on our borrowings was 4.7% and 3.8%, respectively. As of September 30, 2019, the fair value of our borrowings under the Credit Agreement approximated its carrying value as it bears interest at variable rates. There were \$1.3 million of unamortized debt issue costs related to the Credit Agreement as of September 30, 2019 which are being amortized to interest expense over the term of the Credit Agreement and are included in Other assets on our consolidated balance sheet.

#### **Off-Balance Sheet Commitments**

As of September 30, 2019, we did not have any off-balance sheet commitments except for letters of credit entered into in the normal course of business.

#### **Accounting Standards Issued**

We discuss recently issued accounting standards in Note 2 to the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### **Forward-Looking Statements**

This report contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides a "safe harbor" for forward looking statements. Forward-looking statements are not statements of historical facts, but rather reflect our current expectations concerning future events and results. We use words such as "expects," "intends," "believes," "may," "will," "should," "could," "anticipates," "estimates," "plans" and similar expressions to indicate forward-looking statements, but their absence does not mean a statement is not forward-looking. Because these forward-looking statements are based upon management's expectations and assumptions and are subject to risks and uncertainties, there are important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements, including, but not limited to, those factors set forth in Item 1A - Risk Factors of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018 and those other risks and uncertainties detailed in our periodic reports and registration statements filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. We caution that these risk factors may not be exhaustive. We operate in a continually changing business environment, and new risk factors emerge from time to time. We cannot predict these new risk factors, nor can we assess the effect, if any, of the new risk factors on our business or the extent to which any factor or combination of factors may cause actual results to differ from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements.

If any one or more of these expectations and assumptions proves incorrect, actual results will likely differ materially from those contemplated by the forward-looking statements. Even if all of the foregoing assumptions and expectations prove correct, actual results may still differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements as a result of factors we may not anticipate or that may be beyond our control. While we cannot assess the future impact that any of these differences could have on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows or the market price of shares of our common stock, the differences could be significant. We do not undertake to update any forward-looking statements made by us, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. You are cautioned not to unduly rely on such forward-looking statements when evaluating the information presented in this report.

#### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk

#### Interest rate risk

We are exposed to interest rate risk related to our outstanding debt obligations. On November 30, 2018, we entered into a new credit agreement with a bank which provides for a five-year secured revolving loan facility in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$200.0 million. As of September 30, 2019, we had \$113.2 million outstanding under the credit facility. We may draw funds from our revolving credit facility under interest rates based on either the Federal Funds Rate or the Adjusted London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR rate"). If these rates increase significantly, our costs to borrow these funds will also increase. In an effort to manage our exposure to this risk, we have previously entered into interest rate derivative contracts. As of September 30, 2019 we did not have any interest rate hedging instruments in place but may enter into new hedging instruments in the future to mitigate our exposure to interest rate risk.

#### Item 4. Controls and Procedures

#### Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain a comprehensive set of disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act")) designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in our filings under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported accurately and within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, we have evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of such date, our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective at the reasonable assurance level due to the material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018.

SEC guidance permits the exclusion of an evaluation of the effectiveness of a registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as they relate to the internal control over financial reporting for an acquired business during the first year following such acquisition. In the fourth quarter of 2018, we acquired TTi Global, Inc. This acquisition represented \$22.0 million of total assets and \$40.6 million of revenue as of and for the nine months ended September 30, 2019. Management's evaluation and conclusion as to the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of and for the period covered by this report excludes any evaluation of the internal control over financial reporting related to process level controls over the activity of TTi Global, Inc. post-acquisition.

#### Material Weaknesses and Status of Remediation

As described in Part II, Item 9A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018, we have begun implementing a remediation plan to address the material weaknesses disclosed in such Annual Report. These material weaknesses will not be considered fully remediated until the applicable controls operate for a sufficient period of time and management concludes, through testing, that these controls are operating effectively. Management is committed to remediating the material weaknesses related to the implementation of the ERP system and has been implementing and continues to implement measures designed to ensure that control deficiencies contributing to the material weaknesses are remediated.

#### Changes in Internal Controls

During the nine months ended September 30, 2019, we implemented new internal controls to facilitate our adoption of ASU 2016-02 to ensure the proper identification, accounting, and reporting of material lease arrangements. Other than as disclosed above under "Material Weaknesses and Status of Remediation" and the new internal controls related to our adoption of ASU 2016-02, there have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the nine months ended September 30, 2019 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

# **Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

None.

#### Item 1A. Risk Factors

The Company has no material changes to the disclosure on this matter made in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018.

# Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The following table provides information about the Company's share repurchase activity for the three months ended September 30, 2019:

	Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities					
Month	Total number of shares purchased	Approximate dollar value of shares that may yet be purchased under the program (1)				
July 1 - 31, 2019	_	\$ -	- –	\$ 3,755,000		
August 1 - 31, 2019	586 (2)	\$ 13.99	) _	\$ 3,755,000		
September 1 - 30, 2019	_	\$ -	- —	\$ 3,755,000		

- (1) We have a share repurchase program under which we may repurchase shares of our common stock from time to time in the open market subject to prevailing business and market conditions and other factors. There is no expiration date for the repurchase program.
- (2) Includes shares surrendered by employees to satisfy minimum tax withholding obligations on restricted stock units which vested during the third quarter of 2019.

#### Item 6. Exhibits

- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer of the Company dated November 7, 2019 pursuant to Securities and Exchange Act Rule 13d-14(a)/15(d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 and 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.\*
- 31.2 Certification of Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company dated November 7, 2019 pursuant to Securities and Exchange Act Rule 13d-14(a)/15(d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 and 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.\*
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the Company dated November 7, 2019 pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.\*
- The following materials from GP Strategies Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2019, formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets; (ii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations; (iii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, (iv) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity, (v) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows; and (vi) Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.\*

<sup>\*</sup>Filed herewith.

# **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

**GP STRATEGIES CORPORATION** 

November 7, 2019 /s/ Scott N. Greenberg

Scott N. Greenberg

Chief Executive Officer

November 7, 2019 /s/ Michael R. Dugan

Michael R. Dugan

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

#### **CERTIFICATION**

- I, Scott N. Greenberg, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of GP Strategies Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 7, 2019	
/s/ Scott N. Greenberg	
Scott N. Greenberg	
Chief Executive Officer	

#### **CERTIFICATION**

- I, Michael R. Dugan, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of GP Strategies Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 7, 2019
/s/ Michael R. Dugan
Michael R. Dugan
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of GP Strategies Corporation (the "Company") for the quarter ended September 30, 2019 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to such officer's knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 7, 2019

/s/ Scott N. Greenberg

/s/ Michael R. Dugan

Scott N. Greenberg

Chief Executive Officer

Michael R. Dugan

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer